October 28, 2019

The Honorable Maxine Waters  
Chairwoman  
Committee on Financial Services  
United States House of Representatives  
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Patrick McHenry  
Ranking Member  
Committee on Financial Services  
United States House of Representatives  
Washington, DC 20515

Re: The Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2019, H.R. 4634

Dear Chairwoman Waters and Ranking Member McHenry:

On behalf of the nation’s state insurance regulators, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC)$^1$ would like to express its support for the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2019 (H.R. 4634). We urge the committee to pass this critical long-term reauthorization bill to ensure the continued availability and affordability of terrorism risk insurance.

State insurance regulators have supported the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program (TRIP) since its inception and subsequent reauthorizations. TRIP provides insurers with the security they need to allow them to offer coverage for acts of terrorism and we believe a federal partnership with private insurers has provided a measure of security and certainty to the broader economy. The availability of this coverage provides economic stability to commercial policyholders, lenders, builders, and businesses throughout our country. When the program briefly lapsed in early 2015, conditional terrorism exclusions that had been filed with state insurance regulators were activated, which created uncertainty in commercial markets.

An expiration of TRIA would be particularly disruptive to the workers’ compensation market. Workers’ compensation benefits are codified in state law and an employer cannot decline to provide coverage for acts of terrorism. Without TRIP, workers’ compensation insurers will likely raise prices or decline to write coverage for businesses with many employees concentrated in single locations or near iconic properties.

TRIP is not a case of the federal government crowding out the private market, but rather it fosters the existence of a broader market for risks that would otherwise be largely uninsured, or more likely, borne by taxpayers. Given the difficulty in accurately determining the frequency, severity, and potential loss costs of a terrorist attack, state insurance regulators have not seen evidence to suggest that the insurance marketplace is capable or willing to voluntarily take on a substantial portion of terrorism risk absent a federal backstop.

$^1$ As part of our state-based system of insurance regulation in the United States, the NAIC provides expertise, data, and analysis for insurance commissioners to effectively regulate the industry and protect consumers. The U.S. standard-setting organization is governed by the chief insurance regulators from the 50 states, the District of Columbia and five U.S. territories. Through the NAIC, state insurance regulators establish standards and best practices, conduct peer reviews, and coordinate regulatory oversight. NAIC staff supports these efforts and represents the collective views of state regulators domestically and internationally. For more information, visit www.naic.org.
We urge the committee to approve H.R. 4634 to ensure a sustained and stable terrorism risk insurance marketplace that provides American businesses with the essential coverage needed to successfully operate in today’s uncertain global environment.

Sincerely,

Eric A. Cioppa
NAIC President
Superintendent
Maine Bureau of Insurance

Raymond G. Farmer
NAIC President-Elect
Director
South Carolina Department of Insurance

David Altmaier
NAIC Vice President
Commissioner
Florida Office of Insurance Regulation

Dean L. Cameron
NAIC Secretary-Treasurer
Director
Idaho Department of Insurance

Michael F. Consedine
Chief Executive Officer
National Association of Insurance Commissioners